

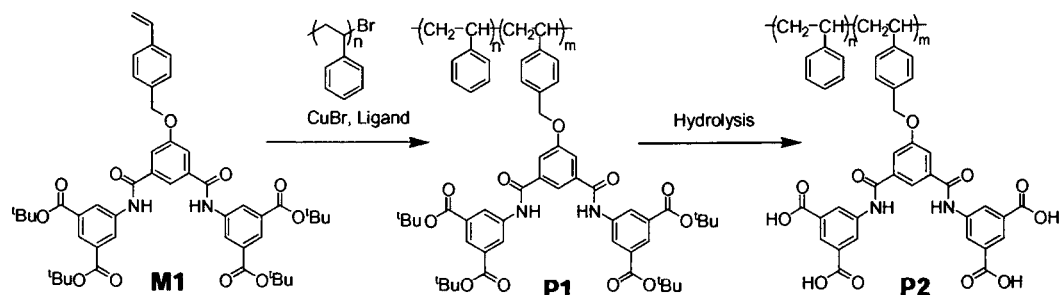
# Synthesis and Self-Assembly of Polystyrene-*b*-Aromatic-Amide-Dendronized Polystyrene with Carboxyl End Groups

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[Introduction] Polymer surfaces possessing polar functional groups such as hydroxyl, carboxyl or amino groups are widely utilized for material biocompatibility, resistance forward protein absorption, and as a sensor for molecular recognition and signal transduction. However, in general, it is difficult to create a polar surface as polar groups are thermodynamically unstable at the air-polymer interface. To remedy this problem, we designed polystyrene-*b*-aromatic-amide-dendronized polystyrene with carboxyl end groups to create a air-polymer stable interface on the interior walls of a porous film.

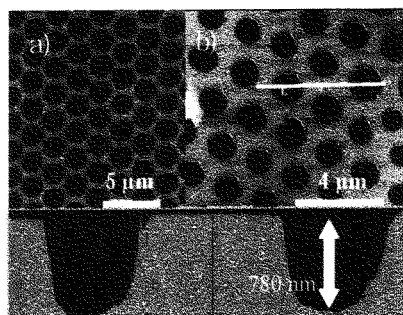
[Experiment, Result, and Discussion] Aromatic amide dendron **M1** was synthesized by the reaction of 5-(4-vinylbenzyloxy)isophthalic acid and di-*tert*-butyl 5-aminoisophthalate. The polystyrene-*b*-aromatic-amide-dendronized polystyrene **P1** was prepared by atom transfer radical polymerization (ATRP) of **M1** in the presence polystyrene as a macroinitiator.



**Scheme 1.** Synthesis of Polystyrene-*b*-Aromatic-Amide-Dendronized Polystyrene with Carboxyl End Groups.

The polystyrene-*b*-aromatic amide dendron with carboxyl end groups **P2** was prepared by hydrolysis of **P1**. The chemical structures of **M1**, **P1**, and **P2** were determined by <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C NMR, and FT-IR spectra.

Microporous films of **P2** were cast on glass slides from CS<sub>2</sub> solution at room temperature under moist air flow. SEM observations confirmed the formation of hexagonally packed micropores with a narrow size distribution. The pore opening diameter is approximately 1.6  $\mu\text{m}$ . From the AFM height profile the pores are at least 780 nm deep.



**Figure 1.** a) SEM image of top surface, b) AFM image of top surface, and c) AFM height profile of the cast film.

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