PL-02

Synthesis of New Polypyromellitimides and Their Properties

Kyung Hoon Lee, Seong Jun Lee, Seung Beum Lee, Kyung Ho Choi, Juhyun Park, Jin Kook Lee, Gyo Jic Shin, <u>Jin Chul Jung</u>

San 31, Hyoja-dong, Pohang, 790-784, Korea Tel: 82-54-279-2148 e-mail: jcjung@postech.ac.kr

Aromatic polypyromellitimides are certainly the most important type of polyimides considering the chain structure and performance in various properties. However, derivatization of pyromellitimide unit is considerably more difficult because only two sites of substitution are available in its ring, and most of new polypyromellitimides were prepared from pyromellitic dianhydride and new diamines.

In the present article three series of new polypyromellitimides have been prepared by aromatic nucleophilic substitution of N,N'-diphenyl-3,6-dibromopyromellitimide with *n*-alkyloxy, 4-(*n*-alkyloxy)phenyloxy and 4'-(*n*-alkyloxy)biphenyloxy groups (1) and the liquid crystal aligning abilities on their thin rubbed films were investigated in terms of the pretilt angles. The substitution reaction proceeded smoothly when aromatic (*n*-alkyloxy)aryloxy anions were used as nucleophiles, but in spite of various attempts aliphatic *n*-alkyloxy anions were found to attack at imide C=O groups to open the ring. Therefore 3,6-di(*n*-alkyloxy)pyromellitic dianhydrides had to be prepared by etherification with *n*-alkylbromides of N,N'-diphenyl-3,6-dihydroxypyromellitimide, which had been synthesized by oxidation of N,N'-diphenyl-3,6-dimethoxypyromellitimide with KMnO₄ in pyridine, followed by demethylation and deprotection. Peculiar enough, no other higher dialkoxypyromellitimides than dimethoxypyromellitimide were stable enough against the oxidation condition.

Novel aqueous alkali-soluble polypyromellitimides were prepared by polymerization of 4-(3,6-dicarboxyphenyl)pyromellitic dianhydride with various conventional diamines. The dianhydride was synthesized by Suzuki coupling of N,N'-diphenyl-3,6-dibromopyromellitimide with 4-carboxyphenyldiboronic acid (2). The polyimides were transformed to poly[4-(2-nitrobenzyl)pyromellitimide] by polymer-analogous reaction with 2-nitrobenzyl chloride and this new nitrobenzylated polyimide was investigated for application as novel photosensitive polyimide of non-presursor type.